Third Quarter Receipts for Second Quarter Sales (April - June 2020)

## Fullerton

## In Brief

Fullerton's cash receipts from April through June were $5.7 \%$ below the second sales period in 2019. Actual sales were down $17.8 \%$ after adjusting for additional payments received from last quarter that had been delayed by the State's relief program to support businesses during the Covid-19 crisis.
The Statewide lockdown order, which was implemented on March 19 to combat the pandemic, shuttered restaurant dining rooms and contributed to the $62 \%$ decline in receipts from casual eateries.
Many non-essential retailers were also closed, which had a profound impact on most categories within the general consumer goods group including electronics and appliance stores. Gasoline receipts also fell as many employees transitioned to working from home, denting vehicle trips and fuel demand, and as the price of oil plunged on the global market.
Conversely, allocations from the countywide use tax pool surged $41 \%$ after a recent legislative change has allowed for the taxation of additional internet purchases and as more consumers have shifted to online shopping amid the healith crisis.
Net of aberrations, taxable sales for all of Orange County declined $18.3 \%$ over the comparable time period; the Southern Califiornia region was down 18.0\%.

## Sales Tax by Major Business Group


*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

## Top 25 Producers <br> In Alphabetical Order

| Albertsons | Home Depot |
| :--- | :--- |
| Anderco | Los Angeles Harley <br> Davidson |
| Arco | McCoy \& Mills Ford |
| Atlas Construction | OC Auto Exchange |
| Supply | Ocean Subaru of |
| Auto Republic | Fullerton |
| Best Buy | Opus Inspection |
| Car Castle | Ralphs |
| Chevron | Rexel |
| Costco | Sam's Club w/ Fuel |
| CSU Fullerton | Stater Bros |
| Foundation | Target |
| Engineered Floors | United Duralume |
| Floor \& Decor | Products |
| Golden West Towing |  |
| Equipment |  |

## Revenue Comparison

Four Quarters - Fiscal Year To Date (Q3 to Q2)

2018-19
2019-20

| Point-of-Sale | $\$ 21,297,802$ | $\$ 18,618,526$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| County Pool | $2,978,522$ | $3,696,170$ |
| State Pool | 10,571 | 9,622 |
| Gross Receipts | $\$ 24,286, \mathbf{8 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 2 , 3 2 4 , 3 1 8}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Statewide Results

Local sales and use tax receipts from April through June sales were $16.3 \%$ lower than the same quarter of 2019 after factoring for accounting anomalies and back payments from previous quarters.

This was the largest quarter to quarter decline since 2009. The drops were deepest in the San Francisco Bay Area, Central Coast and Southern California where declines in revenues from fuel, automobiles, general consumer goods and restaurants/ hotels were the most severe.

However, despite a $14.9 \%$ unemployment rate that eclipsed the previous high of $12.3 \%$ during the great recession of 2010 and temporary business closures, the drop in sales was less than previously projected by most analysts including HdL.

The high second quarter unemployment rates primarily affected lower wage service sectors which generate a smaller share of sales tax revenues. Internet connected knowledge workers continued to work but locked at home, found that they had extra cash to spend because of reduced commute and work-related expenses and few entertainment or travel options. Additionally, though much of the quarter's government relief payments were spent largely on rents, utilities and necessities, the money was not distributed proportionally to income losses thereby adding temporary discretionary income gains for some recipients.
Low interest rates and longer term lending practices allowed the extra money to be spent on previously delayed purchases such as autos and home improvements. New car registrations dropped 48.9\% in the second quarter, but sales tax receipts dropped only $15.8 \%$ as buyers who did purchase, opted for more expensive SUV's, trucks and luxury vehicles. As cabin fever set in, sales of RV's, boats and Motorcycles also began to rise.
With restaurants and many brick and mortar stores closed or restricted to limited occupancy, buyers shifted to online shopping with tax revenues from in-state fulfillment centers rising $142.7 \%$ over the
second quarter of 2019 and county pools where tax receipts from out-of-state goods are allocated, rising $28.9 \%$. Online sales accounted for $52.0 \%$ of this quarter's tax revenues from the general consumer goods group.
Working at home eventually morphed into working on home thereby boosting related improvement purchases. Grocers, cannabis, liquor and sporting goods further helped offset losses in other segments. Strong demand for warehouse and shipping technology, equipment and supplies to accommodate the increase in online shopping as well as home offices and virtual classrooms helped offset declines in the business/industrial group. Unanticipated gains in agriculture related purchases and transit spending further added to the offset.

Pandemic uncertainties, fires, childcare issues and bankruptcies are expected to result in uneven gains through 2020-21 with each jurisdiction's experience differing according to the scope and character of their individual tax bases. Overall recovery and improvement in statewide receipts is not expected to begin until 2021-22.

Sales Per Capita*


Revenue By Business Group Fullerton This Quarter*

*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

## FUllerton Top 15 Business Types**

| *In thousands of dollars | Fullerton |  | County | HdL State |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business Type | Q2 '20* | Change | Change | Change |
| Automotive Supply Stores | 82.6 | -13.9\% | -4.8\% | -4.7\% |
| Building Materials | 168.9 | -2.5\% | -0.9\% | 7.0\% |
| Casual Dining | 154.5 | -62.1\% | -53.0\% | -53.2\% |
| Contractors | 81.6 | -27.3\% | -7.3\% | -12.7\% |
| Discount Dept Stores | - CONF | ENTIAL - | -15.4\% | -6.3\% |
| Electronics/Appliance Stores | 101.3 | -50.2\% | -52.2\% | -50.8\% |
| Fast-Casual Restaurants | 64.3 | -33.4\% | -31.8\% | -30.2\% |
| Grocery Stores | 203.6 | 2.8\% | 10.4\% | 7.8\% |
| Light Industrial/Printers | 193.6 | 0.1\% | -17.3\% | -16.8\% |
| New Motor Vehicle Dealers | - CONF | ENTIAL - | -11.9\% | -15.8\% |
| Plumbing/Electrical Supplies | - CONF | ENTIAL - | -7.2\% | -15.8\% |
| Quick-Service Restaurants | 306.4 | -16.9\% | -17.7\% | -22.0\% |
| Service Stations | 276.7 | -50.9\% | -51.4\% | -45.2\% |
| Textiles/Furnishings | 72.0 | -3.2\% | -32.1\% | -23.9\% |
| Used Automotive Dealers | 180.3 | -14.1\% | -20.2\% | -20.6\% |
| Total All Accounts | 3,681.3 | -26.5\% | -28.1\% | -24.0\% |
| County \& State Pool Allocation | 1,058.6 | 40.6\% | 27.0\% | 28.9\% |
| Gross Receipts | 4,739.8 | -17.8\% | -18.3\% | -16.3\% |

